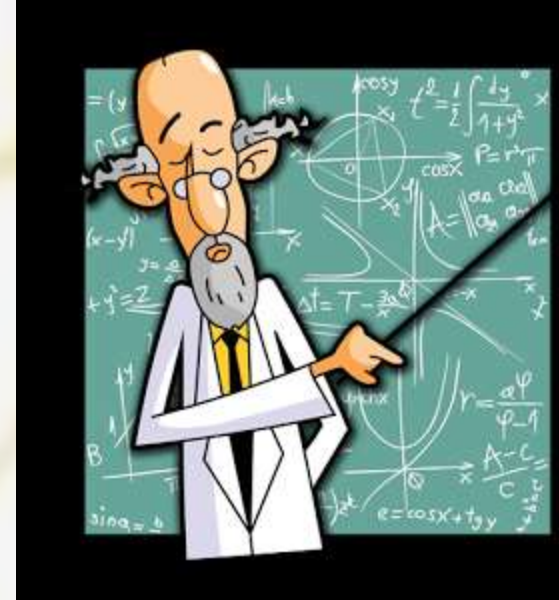


# Calculated Accounts and Drivers

Creating consistency with automation

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# Goals

- Understand the benefits, control and flexibility of using calculated accounts or drivers
- Understand the various ways that calculated accounts and drivers can be used with expenses and revenue
- Know how to set up an efficient budget process
  - ...using calculated accounts and drivers
  - ...to make the budget numbers more precise
  - ...and make it easy for your end users





- Drivers versus calculated accounts
- 3 Scenarios:
  - Benefits
  - General Expenses
  - Revenue
- Comparison versions using sets

## Difference between Calculated Accounts, Drivers, Prepopulated Accounts, and Models

### Calculated Accounts:

- Fixed formulas based on variables that may change year to year (or set to set)

### Drivers:

- Global assumptions (monetary or quantity) set up to make sure that all budget managers are using the same numbers

### Prepopulated Accounts:

- Account values loaded directly into BudgetPak

### Models:

- Created and maintained in Excel, the output of which is tied directly to the BudgetPak database

Why?



## What is a Calculated Account?

- Account that is automatically calculated for you
- Choose from a list of formulas for ease of setup
- Account Type: Calculation or Internal Calculation

## Some Examples:

- 7% of Full Time Salary + 5% of Part-time Salary
- \$500 per head
- Graduate Tuition + Undergraduate Tuition
- 10% of Salary for Full-time Employees + 5% of Salary for Part-time Employees
- \$45 per room \* 50 rooms \* 3 Housekeepers
- \$2000 \* 40 members, or \$750 \* 1000 members depending upon the department
- Attrition is 5% of the sum of 3 different revenue accounts

$[A] * [\text{account X}] + [B] * [\text{account Y}]$   
 $\$[A] \text{ Per Head}$   
 $[A] * [\text{account X}]$   
 $[A] * [\text{account X}] + [B]$   
 $[A] * [\text{account X}] + \dots + [H] * [\text{account 8}]$   
 $[A]\% \text{ of total compensation}$   
 $\$[A] * [\text{Qty Driver}]$   
 $[A]\% \text{ of } [\$ \text{ Driver}]$   
 $\$[A] \text{ Per Head by employee class}$   
 $[A]\% \text{ of total compensation by employee class}$   
 $[\text{Qty Driver}] * [\text{account X}]$   
 $[\$ \text{ Driver}] \text{ Per Head}$   
 $[\$ \text{ Driver}] * [\text{Qty drivers}]$   
 Allocation  
 $[A]\% * [\text{subtotal X}]$

## What is a Driver?

- Drivers are quantity or monetary
- Types are Monthly or Annual
- Visible or not per unit
- Editable or not per unit

## Some Examples:

- Membership Fee (monetary)
- Tuition (monetary)
- Number of Members (quantity)
- # of Cases of Widgets Shipped (quantity)

	Membership Fee	Membership Fee	Money	ABC Organization
Editable?: <input type="checkbox"/>	Visible to this unit?: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Annual value:	<input type="text" value="85"/>	

Annual monetary driver

	Number Of Members	Number of Members	Quantity	ABC Organization	ABC Organization	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Editable?: <input type="checkbox"/>	Visible to this unit?: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Period 1:	<input type="text" value="250"/>	Period 4:	<input type="text" value="375"/>	Period 7:	<input type="text" value="450"/>	Period 10:	<input type="text" value="250"/>
		Period 2:	<input type="text" value="300"/>	Period 5:	<input type="text" value="400"/>	Period 8:	<input type="text" value="400"/>	Period 11:	<input type="text" value="250"/>
		Period 3:	<input type="text" value="350"/>	Period 6:	<input type="text" value="450"/>	Period 9:	<input type="text" value="300"/>	Period 12:	<input type="text" value="200"/>

Monthly quantity driver

- Budget method – Driver x rate
  - Calculation with user-editable driver
  - Calculation – fixed
    - Prepopulated accounts



Guided approach

Fully controlled

**Decisions**



## Scenario #1 - Benefits



### Scenario #1: using calculated accounts and drivers to compute benefit expenses

#### Benefits:

- 401K match
- Retirement
- Short Term Disability
- Dental Insurance
- Tuition Remission
- Life Insurance Expense

#### Employee Classes:

- Full Time
- Part Time



### Benefits (in English):

- **401K match** = 4% of salary
- **Retirement** = 5% of total compensation (salary plus bonuses)
- **Short Term Disability** = .75% of total compensation depending upon the type of employee
- **Dental Insurance** - \$500 or \$300 per person depending upon the type of employee
- **Tuition Remission** =  $-.008$  of Tuition Revenue (contra income)
  - where Tuition Revenue is the sum of 3 tuition accounts
- **Life Insurance Expense** - \$45 or \$75 times the number of employees in a department, depending upon the department

- **Benefit: 401K match**
- **Description: 4% of salary**
- **BudgetPak Formula: [A] \* [Account X]**
- **Realized Formula: .04 \* [1002:Salaries]**

**Step 1**

401K 1200 ⓘ

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

\$20,851

Calculation for 401K:  $.04 * [1002:Salaries]$

- Fully controlled calculation

- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section



- **Benefit: Retirement**
- **Description:** 5% of total compensation
- **BudgetPak Formula:** [A]% of total compensation
- **Realized Formula:** .5% of total compensation

### Step 1

#### Retirement

1300



The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

\$95,241

Calculation for Retirement: 5.0000% of total compensation

■ Fully controlled calculation

- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section

- **Benefit: Short Term Disability**
- **Description:** .75% or .50% of total compensation depending upon the type of employee
- **BudgetPak Formula:** [A]% of total compensation by employee class
- **Realized Formula:** .75% of total compensation for class 'Full-time'; .50% of total compensation for class 'Part-time'

**Step 1**

**Short Term Disability** 1400 ⓘ

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

\$55,345

Calculation for Short Term Disability: .7500% of total compensation for class 'Full-time'  
.5000% of total compensation for class 'Part-time'

- Fully controlled calculation
- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section

- **Benefit: Dental Insurance**
- **Description:** \$500 or \$300 per person depending upon the type of employee
- **BudgetPak Formula:** \$[A] Per Head by employee class
- **Realized Formula:** \$500 Per Head for class 'Full-time'; \$300 Per Head for class 'Part-time'

**Step 1**

**Dental Insurance** 1500 ⓘ

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.


\$15,480

Calculation for Dental Insurance: \$500 per Head for class 'Full-time'  
\$300 Per Head for class 'Part-time'

- Fully controlled calculation
- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section

- **Benefit: Tuition Remission**
- **Description:** .008. of Tuition Revenue (contra income account) where Tuition Revenue = Graduate Tuition + Undergraduate Tuition + Continuing Ed Tuition
- **BudgetPak Formula:** *Level 1:* [A] \* Account X + [A] \* Account Y + [A] \* Account Z  
*Level 2:* Level 1 + [A] \* Account X
- **Realized Formula:** *Level 1:* Tuition Revenue = 1\*[2401:Graduate Tuition] + 1\*[2402:Undergraduate Tuition] + 1\*[2403:Continuing Ed Tuition]  
*Level 2:* Tuition Remission = -.008\*[2400:Tuition Revenue]

**Step 1**

Tuition Remission 2001 

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

\$9,500

Calculation for Tuition Remission: 0.0080\*[2400: Tuition Revenue]

- Fully controlled calculation
- Based on the calculation values of Tuition Revenue (Level 1 calculation)

- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section



- **Benefit: Life Insurance Expense**
- **Description:** \$45 or \$75 times the number of employees in a department, depending upon the department
- **BudgetPak Formula:** \$Driver per head
- **Realized Formula:** [Life Insurance Expense] Per Head

## Step 1

### Life Insurance Expense

3001



The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

\$2,375

Calculation for Life Insurance Expense: [Life Insurance Expense] Per Head

- Fully controlled calculation
- Based on the driver value which is hidden from the users
- Driver values vary by unit
- Headcount values vary by unit

- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section

## Scenario #1 - Benefits

### Monthly spreading section for calculated accounts:

- Values for each period are automatically calculated and cannot be changed
- Convenience feature for user
- Full control and accuracy for finance

#### Line items

Monthly spreading for Benefits line items:

Line item	Type of automatic spreading	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Medical Benefits - Exec	None	\$30,020	\$27,276	\$30,220	\$30,646	\$31,717	\$30,694	\$31,717	\$31,717	\$30,694	\$31,717	\$30,694	\$31,717	\$368,829
Medical Benefits - Non Exec FT	None	\$27,972	\$25,265	\$27,972	\$29,702	\$29,509	\$28,558	\$29,509	\$29,509	\$28,558	\$29,509	\$28,558	\$29,509	\$344,130
Dental	None	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$330	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$3,878
401K	None	\$3,401	\$3,079	\$3,410	\$4,148	\$3,588	\$3,472	\$3,588	\$3,588	\$3,472	\$3,588	\$3,472	\$3,588	\$42,392
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$61,715</b>	<b>\$55,943</b>	<b>\$61,924</b>	<b>\$64,825</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$63,046</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$63,046</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$63,046</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$759,229</b>
		<b>8.13 %</b>	<b>7.37 %</b>	<b>8.16 %</b>	<b>8.54 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>8.3 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>8.3 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>8.3 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>100 %</b>

## Scenario #2 - Expenses



## Scenario #2: using calculated accounts and drivers to compute general expenses

### Expenses:

- Office Supplies
- Transportation Costs
- Software Licenses





### Expenses (in English):

- **Office Supplies** = \$350 per person
- **Transportation Costs** = .56 mileage rate \* number of miles
  - where user enters number of miles
- **Software Licenses** = allocated from IT department to all other departments based on a %

- **Expense: Office Supplies**
- **Description: \$350 per person**
  
- **BudgetPak Formula: \$[A] Per Head**
- **Realized Formula: \$350 Per Head**

**Step 1**

**Office Supplies** 3600 ⓘ

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

\$3,500

Calculation for Office Supplies: \$350 per Head

■ Fully controlled calculation

- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section

- **Expense: Transportation Costs**
- **Description:** .56 mileage rate \* number of miles where user enters number of miles
- **BudgetPak Formula:** Annual Monetary Driver [Mileage Rate]
- **Realized Formula:** Annual Monetary Driver [Mileage Rate]

Step 1

## Transportation Costs

8200

Please select one of the budget methods below and use it to designate the annual amount for this line item.

Select budget methods from here:  
 By annual amount  
 By percent increase  
 By per head  
 By line item detail  
By driver x rate  
 By rows and columns

### By driver times rate

Recalc

You may build up your annual amount by mutliplying a quantity times a rate. You may select the quantity and/or rate from a list of pre-defined drivers, or designate either of them manually.

Select quantity driver (or 'Enter quantity'):

Quantity:

Select rate driver (or 'Enter rate'):

Rate:

Annual amount:

'Quantity' is a manually entered annual value.  
'Mileage Rate is an annual driver (one value for all months).

- Partially controlled calculation
- Finance controls the mileage rate driver
- Limited user input

- The user can enter quantity - the number of miles
- The user cannot change the mileage rate driver
- The user can add notes

23

- **Expense: Software Licenses**
- **Description:** allocated from IT department to all other departments based on a %
- **BudgetPak Formula:** Allocation
- **Realized Formula:** Allocation

**Step 1**

**Software Licenses** 9300 ⓘ

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

\$17,250

Calculation for Software Licenses: Allocation

■ Fully controlled calculation

- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section



## Scenario #2 - Expenses

### Monthly spreading section for calculated accounts and budget method driver\*rate:

- Non-discretionary values for each period are automatically calculated and cannot be changed
  - Convenience feature for user
  - Full control and accuracy for finance
- Discretionary total for rental car cannot be changed because it is controlled by the mileage rate driver

#### Line items

Line item	Type of automatic spreading	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Office Supplies	None	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$125	\$1,503
Allocated in Expenses	None	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$354	\$4,250
<b>Non-discretionary total</b>		<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$479</b>	<b>\$5,753</b>
Rental car	As last year	\$313	\$939	\$626	\$605	\$235	\$626	\$282	\$939	\$1,252	\$1,265	\$692	\$626	\$8,400
<b>Discretionary total</b>		<b>\$313</b>	<b>\$939</b>	<b>\$626</b>	<b>\$605</b>	<b>\$235</b>	<b>\$626</b>	<b>\$282</b>	<b>\$939</b>	<b>\$1,252</b>	<b>\$1,265</b>	<b>\$692</b>	<b>\$626</b>	<b>\$8,400</b>
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$792</b>	<b>\$1,418</b>	<b>\$1,105</b>	<b>\$1,085</b>	<b>\$714</b>	<b>\$1,105</b>	<b>\$761</b>	<b>\$1,418</b>	<b>\$1,732</b>	<b>\$1,744</b>	<b>\$1,171</b>	<b>\$1,105</b>	<b>\$14,153</b>
		5.6 %	10.02 %	7.81 %	7.66 %	5.05 %	7.81 %	5.38 %	10.02 %	12.23 %	12.33 %	8.28 %	7.81 %	100 %

## Scenario #3 - Revenue



## Scenario #3: using calculated accounts and drivers to compute revenue

### Revenue:

- Dorm Rate Revenue
- Activities Fee Revenue
- Membership Fee Revenue
- Continuing Education Tuition






### Revenue (in English):

- **Dorm Rate Revenue** = \$4840 cost per dorm \* 3500 dorm students \* 91% retention rate
- **Activities Fee Revenue** = \$75 fee \* number of participants
  - where number of participants is editable by the user
- **Membership Fee Revenue** = membership rate \* number of members
  - where rate and number of each member type is different depending upon the unit
  - E.g. \$100 \* 2000 members in Unit A + \$250 \* 700 members in Unit B
- **Continuing Education Tuition** = \$100 credit hours rate \* Class fill % \* 30 max # of participants \* #credit hours
  - where class fill % and #credit hours offered is editable by the user
  - where credit hours rate and maximum number of participants are controlled by finance

## Scenario #3 Revenue

- **Revenue: Dorm Rate**
- **Description:** \$4840 cost per dorm \* 3500 dorm students \* 91% retention rate
- **BudgetPak Formula:** [\$ Driver] \* [Qty Drivers]
- **Realized Formula:** Annual Monetary Driver [Cost per dorm] \* Annual Quantity Driver [#Dorm students] \* Annual Quantity Driver [Retention rate]

**Step 1**

**Dorm Rate** 8700 

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

1,250,000

Calculation for Dorm Rate: [Cost per dorm] \* [#Dorm Students] \* [Retention rate]

- Fully controlled calculation
- Finance controls the values in all drivers


- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section



## Scenario #3 Revenue

- **Revenue: Activities Fee Revenue**
- **Description:** \$75 fee \* number of participants where number of participants is editable by the user
- **BudgetPak Formula:** [\$A] \* [Qty Driver]
- **Realized Formula:** \$75 \* Annual Quantity Driver [Number of participants]

**Step 1**

Activities Fee Revenue 8800 

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

320,250

Calculation for Activities Fee Revenue:  $\$75 * [\text{Number of participants}]$


- Partially controlled calculation
- Finance controls the \$75 activities fee
- Limited user input

- The user can enter quantity driver - number of participants
- The user cannot change the \$75 fee
- The user can add notes

## Scenario #3 Revenue

- **Revenue: Membership Fee Revenue**
- **Description:** membership rate \* number of members
  - where rate and number of each member type is different depending upon the unit
  - E.g. \$100 \* 2000 members in Unit A + \$250 \* 700 members in Unit B
- **BudgetPak Formula:** [\$A] \* [Qty Driver]
- **Realized Formula:** [\$A] \* Annual Quantity Driver [Number of members]

**Step 1**

Membership Fee Revenue 8500 

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

200,000

Calculation for Membership Revenue: [\$100] \* [Number of members]


- Fully controlled calculation
- Unit A would display \$100 and use the driver value of 2000 for number of members
- Unit B would display \$250 and use the value of 700 for number of members

- The user can't change anything
- The user can only add notes
- The user must review the section

## Scenario #3 Revenue

- **Revenue: Continuing Education Tuition**
- **Description:** \$100 credit hours \* Class fill % \* 30 maximum # of participants \* #Credit hours
  - where class fill % and #credit hours offered is editable by the user
  - where credit hours rate and maximum number of participants are controlled by finance
- **BudgetPak Formula:** [\$ Driver] \* [Qty Drivers]
- **Realized Formula:** Annual Monetary Driver [Credit hours rate] \* Annual Quantity Driver [Class Fill %] \* Annual Quantity Driver [Maximum # of participants] \* Annual Quantity Driver [#Credit Hours]

**Step 1**

Continuing Education Tuition 8900 

The annual budget for this line item has been automatically calculated.  
This cost has been calculated by a formula supplied by your organization. You may review it here, but not change it.

1,250,000

Calculation for Continuing Education Tuition: [Credit hours rate] \* [Class fill %] \* [Maximum # of participants] \* [#Credit hours]

- Partially controlled calculation
- Finance controls the credit hours rate and maximum # of participants drivers
- Limited user input

- The user can enter quantity drivers – class fill % and \$credit hours
- The user cannot change the \$100 credit hours rate or the 30 maximum # of participants drivers
- The user can add notes

## Scenario #3 - Revenue

### Monthly spreading section for calculated accounts:

- Values for each period are automatically calculated and cannot be changed
- Convenience feature for user
- Full control and accuracy for finance

Line items														
Monthly spreading for Revenue line items:														
Line item	Type of automatic spreading	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Dorm Rate	None	\$30,020	\$27,276	\$30,220	\$30,646	\$31,717	\$30,694	\$31,717	\$31,717	\$30,694	\$31,717	\$30,694	\$31,717	\$368,829
Activities Fee Revenue	None	\$27,972	\$25,265	\$27,972	\$29,702	\$29,509	\$28,558	\$29,509	\$29,509	\$28,558	\$29,509	\$28,558	\$29,509	\$344,130
Membership Fee Revenue	None	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$330	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$323	\$3,878
Continuing Education Tuitio	None	\$3,401	\$3,079	\$3,410	\$4,148	\$3,588	\$3,472	\$3,588	\$3,588	\$3,472	\$3,588	\$3,472	\$3,588	\$42,392
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$61,715</b>	<b>\$55,943</b>	<b>\$61,924</b>	<b>\$64,825</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$63,046</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$63,046</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$63,046</b>	<b>\$65,137</b>	<b>\$759,229</b>
		<b>8.13 %</b>	<b>7.37 %</b>	<b>8.16 %</b>	<b>8.54 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>8.3 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>8.3 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>8.3 %</b>	<b>8.58 %</b>	<b>100 %</b>

# Calculated Accounts & Drivers



**Better together!**



### You can construct different calculation and driver assumptions and compare their impact

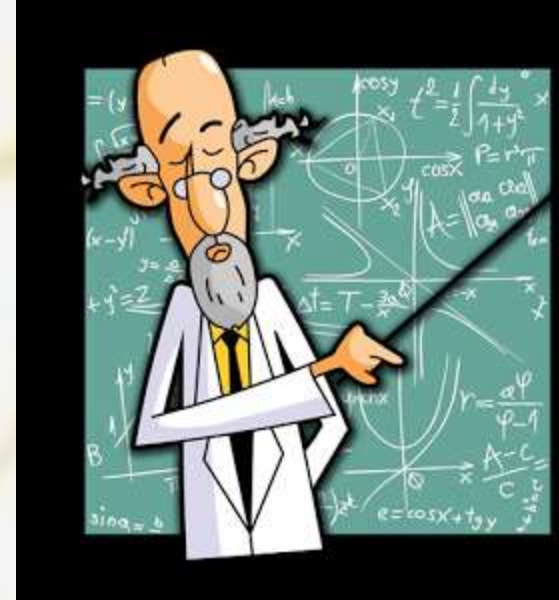
- In this scenario, we have a conservative set of calculation and driver values, and a growth set
- They are assigned to different versions earmarked for comparison purposes
  - For example – higher revenue numbers were included in the growth calculation and driver sets

Description	Calc. defaults set	Drivers defaults set
2017 Final Budget	CD2017	DD2017
2017 Budget - Growth Plan	CD2017-1	DD2017-Growth
2017 Budget - Conservative Plan	CD2017-2	DD2017-Conserve

## Version comparison reports will show you the impact of the different sets

- In this scenario, the two versions are identical except for the driver and calculation sets
- The report shows the impact on the budget of the growth versus conservative assumptions

P&L ANNUAL REPORT					
<b>Company:</b>	ABC Organization				
<b>Version:</b>	2017 Budget - Growth Plan				
<b>Comparison version:</b>	2017 Budget - Conservative Plan				
<b>Unit:</b>	ABC Organization: ABC Organization				
<b>Local currency:</b>	USD (\$)				
<b>Report currency:</b>	USD (\$)				
<b>Budget holder:</b>	Smith, Jennifer (JSmith)				
Account	Description	2017 Budget - Growth Plan	2017 Budget - Conservative Plan	Variance Amount	Variance Percent
10001	Membership Fees	\$543,000	\$301,000	\$242,000	80.4 %
10002	Sales Revenue	\$9,690,000	\$9,465,000	\$225,000	2.4 %
10003	Merchandise Revenue	\$750,000	\$600,000	\$150,000	25.0 %
10004	Other Revenue	\$755,000	\$700,000	\$55,000	7.9 %
6001 >>	Allocated in Revenue	\$0	\$0	-	-
<b>Income</b>		<b>\$11,738,000</b>	<b>\$11,066,000</b>	<b>\$672,000</b>	<b>6.1 %</b>
<b>TOTAL INCOME</b>		<b>\$11,738,000</b>	<b>\$11,066,000</b>	<b>\$672,000</b>	<b>6.1 %</b>



# Goals

- ✓ To understand the benefits, control and flexibility of using calculated accounts or drivers
- ✓ To understand the various ways that calculated accounts and drivers can be used with expenses and revenue
- ✓ To know how to set up an efficient budget process
  - ...using calculated accounts and drivers
  - ...to make the budget numbers more precise
  - ...and make it easy for your end users



Q&A

*Thank you!*